

Article

Density functional theory study of optical and electronic properties of $(\text{TiO}_2)_{n=5,8,68}$ clusters for application in solar cells

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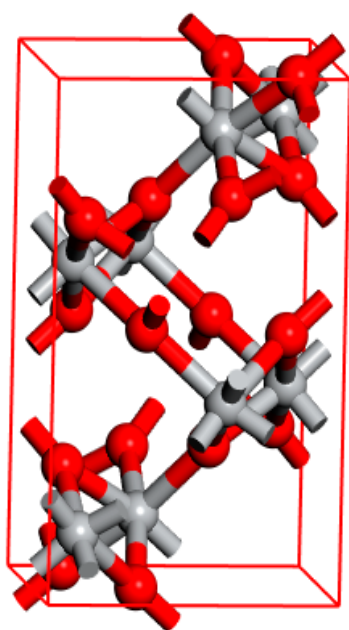


Figure 1. Crystallographic forms of TiO_2 brookite. The atoms are represented according to these colour schemes, grey balls are titanium atoms and red balls are oxygen atoms.

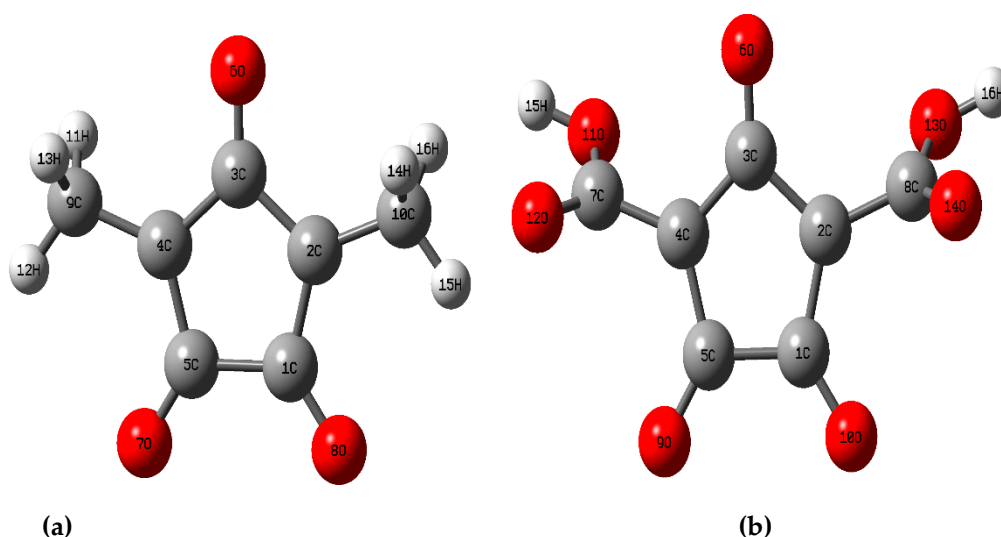


Figure 2. a)-(b) (a) CR1 (b) CR2. The atoms are represented according to following colour scheme: grey balls represent titanium atoms, red balls represent oxygen atoms and white ball represent hydrogen atoms.

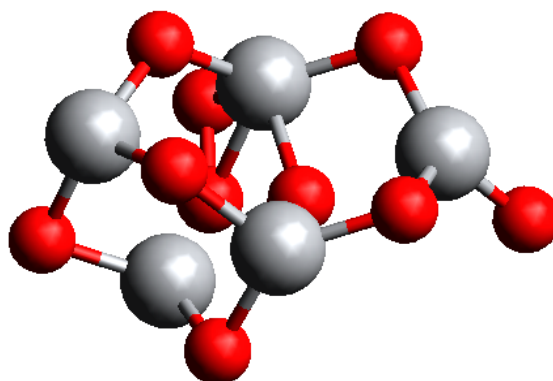


Figure 3. a). (TiO₂)₅ brookite cluster.

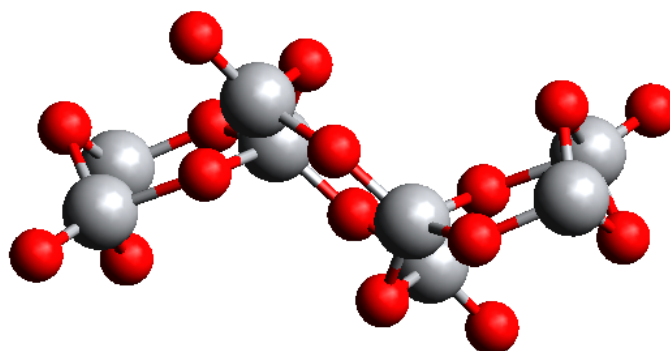


Figure 3. b). (TiO₂)₈ brookite cluster.

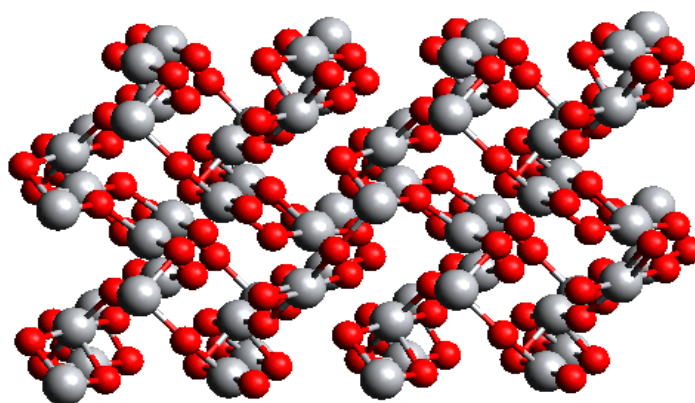


Figure 3. c). (TiO₂)₆₈ brookite cluster.

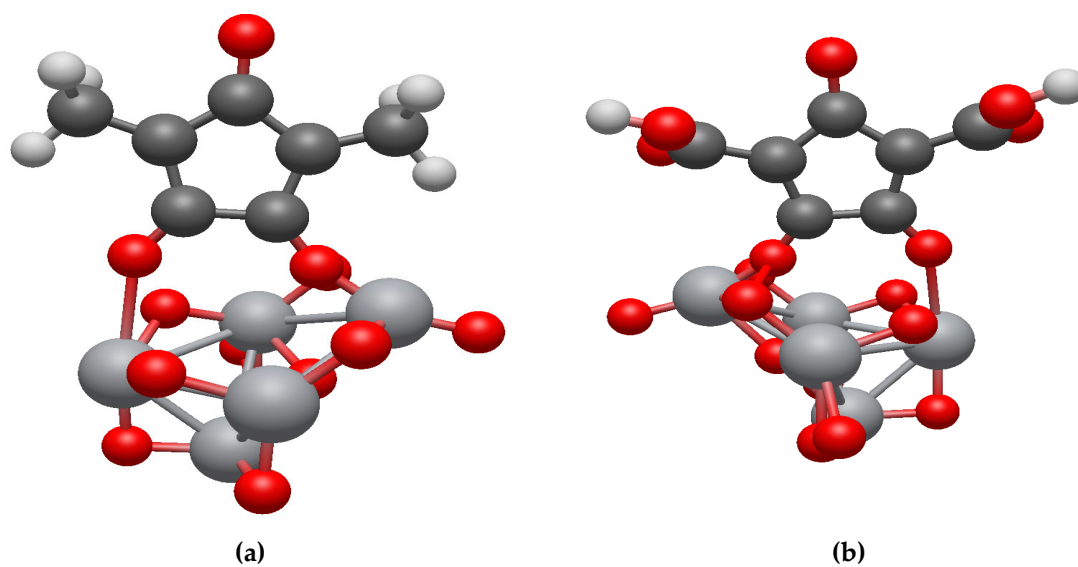


Figure 4. Croconate dyes absorbed on $(\text{TiO}_2)_5$ nanocluster (a) CR1@ $(\text{TiO}_2)_5$ (b) CR2@ $(\text{TiO}_2)_5$.

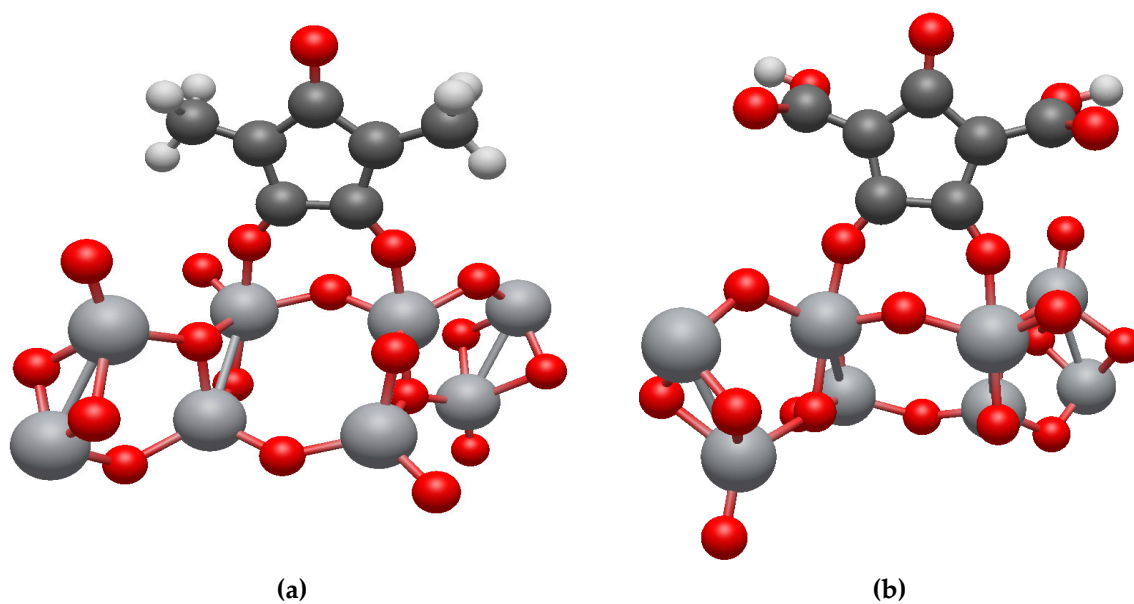


Figure 5. Croconate dyes absorbed on $(\text{TiO}_2)_8$ nanocluster (a) CR1@ $(\text{TiO}_2)_8$ (b) CR2@ $(\text{TiO}_2)_8$.

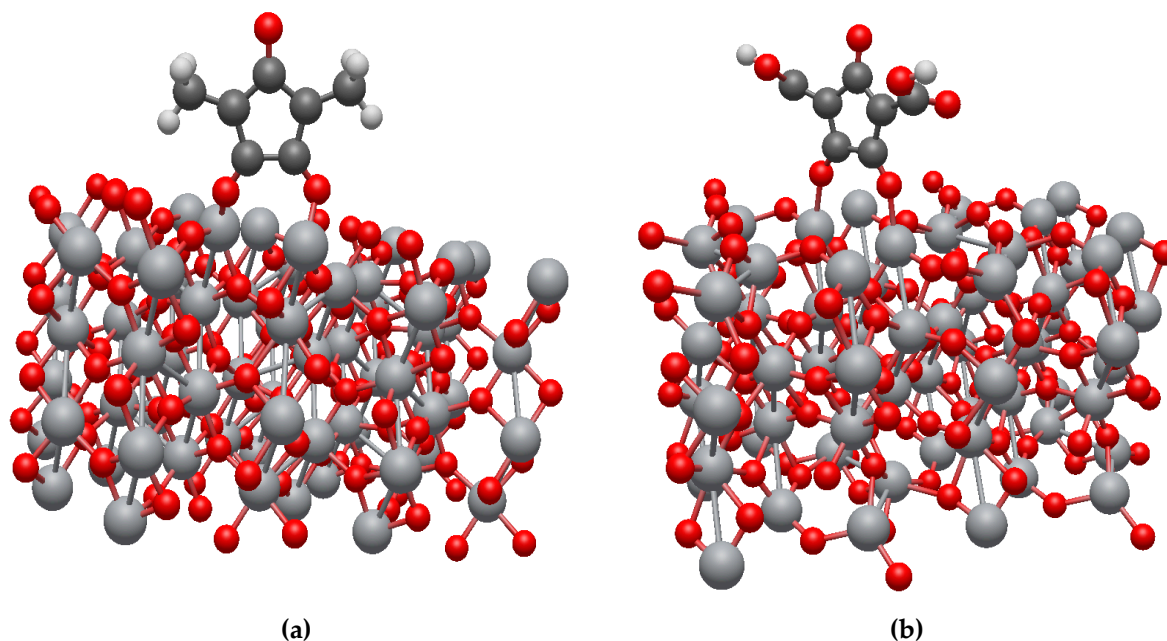


Figure 6. Croconate dyes absorbed on $(\text{TiO}_2)_{68}$ nanoclusters (a) $\text{CR1}@ (\text{TiO}_2)_8$ (b) $\text{CR2}@ (\text{TiO}_2)_{68}$.

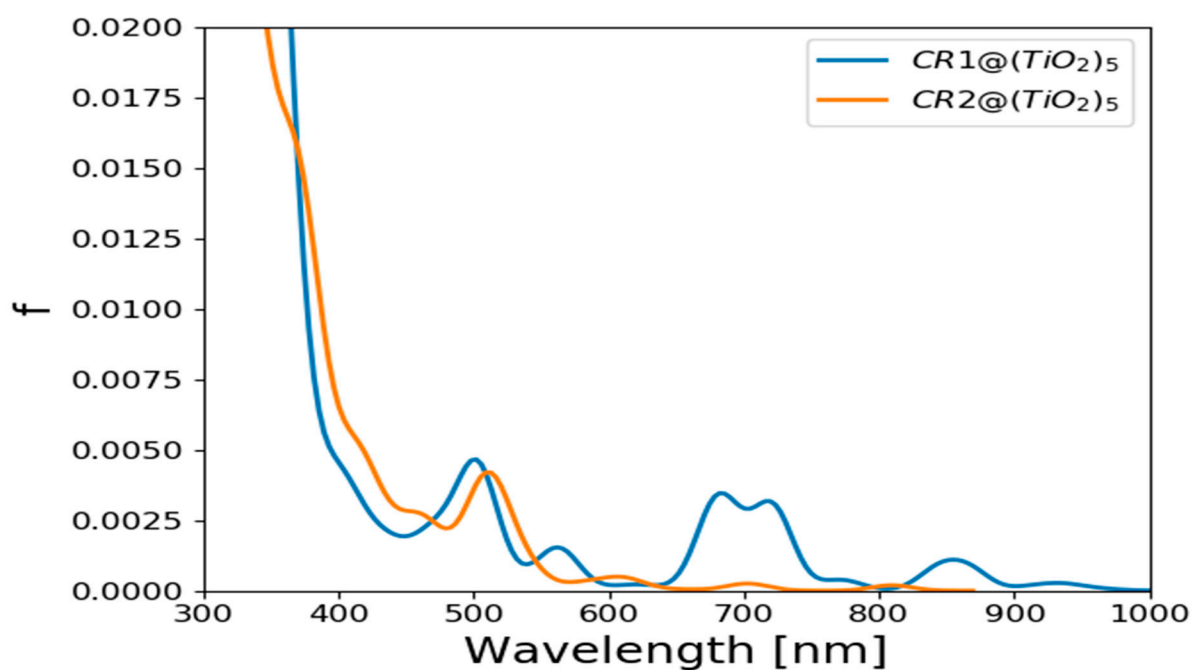


Figure 7. Expanded view of simulated UV-Vis spectrum of CR1 and CR2 adsorbed on $(\text{TiO}_2)_5$ brookite cluster. The oscillator strengths were folded by Gaussians of $e_{\text{min}}=100$, $e_{\text{max}}=1200\text{nm}$ width. The y-axis is “folded oscillator strength [1/nm].”

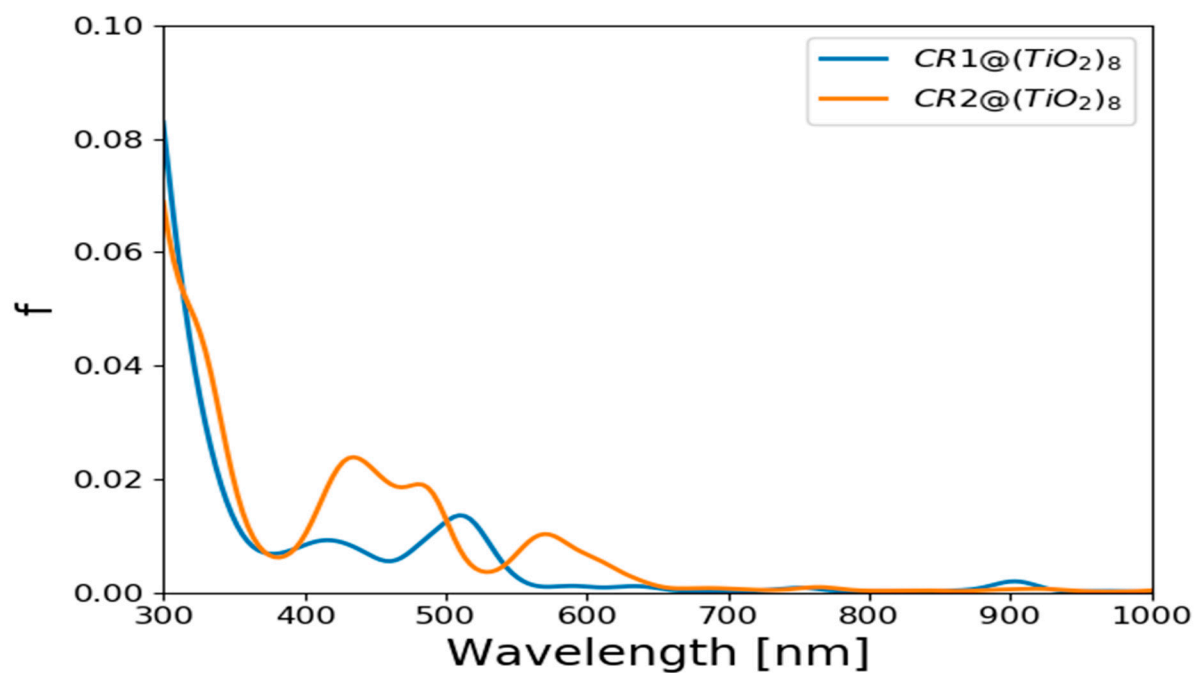


Figure 8. Expanded view of simulated UV/Vis absorption spectrum of CR1 and CR2 absorbed on (TiO₂)₈ brookite cluster. The oscillator strengths were folded by Gaussians of $e_{min} = 100$, $e_{max} = 1200$ nm width. The y-axis is “folded oscillator strength [1/nm].