

**Table S1.** Calculated formation constants<sup>a)</sup> of the Cd<sup>2+</sup>/Dop<sup>-</sup> species in NaCl aqueous solutions in molal concentration scale

<b>I/mol Kg<sup>-1</sup></b>	<b>logβ<sub>ML</sub></b>	<b>logβ<sub>MLH</sub></b>	<b>logβ<sub>ML2</sub></b>
<i>T</i> = 288.15 K			
0.150	6.65	14.89	11.61
<i>T</i> = 298.15 K			
0.149	6.48	14.08	10.88
0.494	6.05	14.17	10.30
0.742	6.40	14.70	10.34
0.976	6.29	14.08	9.11
<i>T</i> = 310.15 K			
0.150	4.60	12.55	9.25

<sup>a)</sup> Refer to the general equilibrium:  $p M^{n+} + q L^{z-} + r H^+ = M_p L_q H_r^{(np-zq+r)}$ .

**Table S2.** Calculated formation constants<sup>a)</sup> of the Cu<sup>2+</sup>/Dop<sup>-</sup> species in NaCl aqueous solutions in molal concentration scale

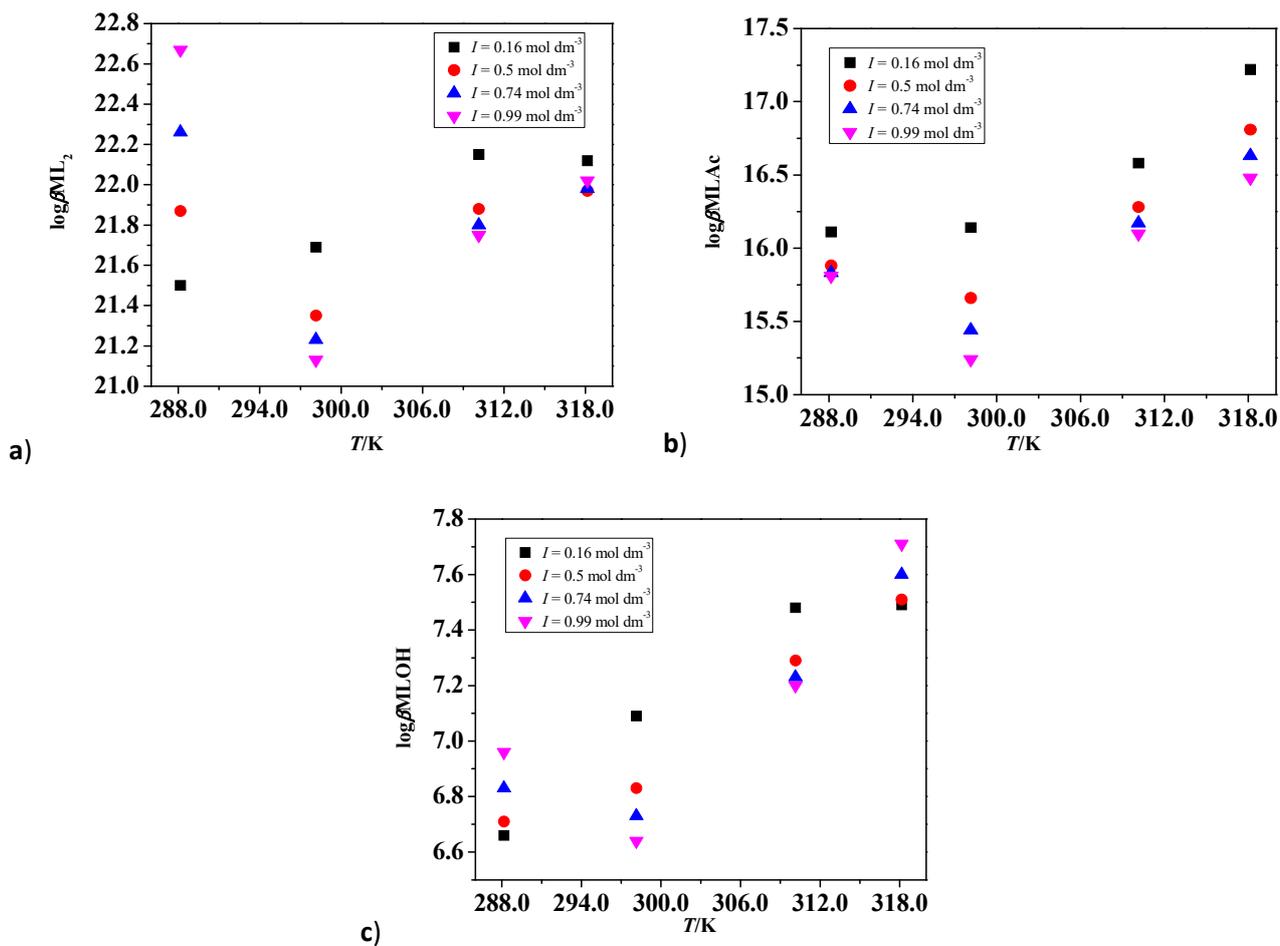
<i>I</i> /mol kg <sup>-1</sup>	logβ <sub>ML2</sub>	logβ <sub>M2L</sub>	logβ <sub>M2L2</sub>	logβ <sub>M2L2(OH)2</sub>	logβ <sub>M2L(OH)</sub>	logβ <sub>ML2(OH)</sub>
T = 288.15 K						
0.162	21.02	15.21	27.33	13.40	8.87	11.38
0.496	20.49	15.32	26.85	12.67	9.02	11.24
0.753	20.20	15.41	26.59	12.26	9.20	11.21
1.013	19.94	15.50	26.35	11.88	9.41	11.20
T = 298.15 K						
0.172	19.35	14.57	25.66	11.72	8.86	11.01
0.480	18.87	14.68	25.20	11.04	9.00	10.88
0.750	18.55	14.77	24.92	10.60	9.19	10.84
0.985	18.31	14.85	24.71	10.26	9.37	10.83
T = 310.15 K						
0.146	17.58	13.84	23.86	9.94	8.85	10.62
0.490	17.01	13.96	23.33	9.16	8.98	10.46
0.743	16.71	14.05	23.06	8.73	9.15	10.42
1.008	16.44	14.14	22.82	8.35	9.36	10.40
T = 318.15 K						
0.163	16.39	13.40	22.66	8.73	8.84	
0.515	15.81	13.52	22.12	7.93	8.98	10.18
0.750	15.54	13.60	21.88	7.54		
1.024	15.26	13.69	21.62	7.14	9.34	10.13

<sup>a)</sup> Refer to the general equilibrium:  $p M^{n+} + q L^{z-} + r H^+ = M_p L_q H_r^{(np-zq+r)}$ .

**Table S3.** Calculated formation constants of the  $\text{UO}_2^{2+}/\text{Dop}^-$  species in NaCl aqueous solutions at different ionic strengths and temperatures, in molar concentration scale

$I/\text{mol kg}^{-1}$	$\log\beta_{\text{ML}_2}^{\text{a)}$	$\log\beta_{\text{MLAc}}^{\text{a)}$	$\log\beta_{\text{MLOH}}^{\text{a)}$
<b><math>T = 288.15 \text{ K}</math></b>			
0.162	21.50	16.10	6.66
0.531	21.87	15.87	6.71
0.752	22.24	15.82	6.83
1.012	22.65	15.80	6.96
<b><math>T = 298.15 \text{ K}</math></b>			
0.166	21.68	16.13	7.09
0.510	21.34	15.65	6.83
0.752	21.21	15.42	6.73
1.013	21.12	15.23	6.64
<b><math>T = 310.15 \text{ K}</math></b>			
0.162	22.14	16.57	7.48
0.513	21.86	16.26	7.29
0.754	21.78	16.15	7.23
1.016	21.72	16.07	7.20
<b><math>T = 318.15 \text{ K}</math></b>			
0.161	22.11	17.21	7.49
0.512	21.96	16.79	7.51
0.757	21.96	16.60	7.60
1.018	21.99	16.45	7.71

<sup>a)</sup> Refer to the general equilibria:  $p \text{ M}^{n+} + q \text{ L}^{z-} + r \text{ H}^+ = \text{M}_p\text{L}_q\text{H}_r(\text{np-zq+r})$  and  $p \text{ M}^{n+} + q \text{ L}^{z-} + r \text{ H}^+ + \text{Ac}^- = \text{M}_p\text{L}_q\text{H}_r\text{Ac}(\text{np-zq+r-1})$ .



**Figure S1.** Trend of the experimental formation constants of the  $UO_2^{2+}/Dop^-$  complex species, at different temperature and ionic strength values: a)  $ML_2$ ; b)  $MLAc$ ; c)  $MLOH$

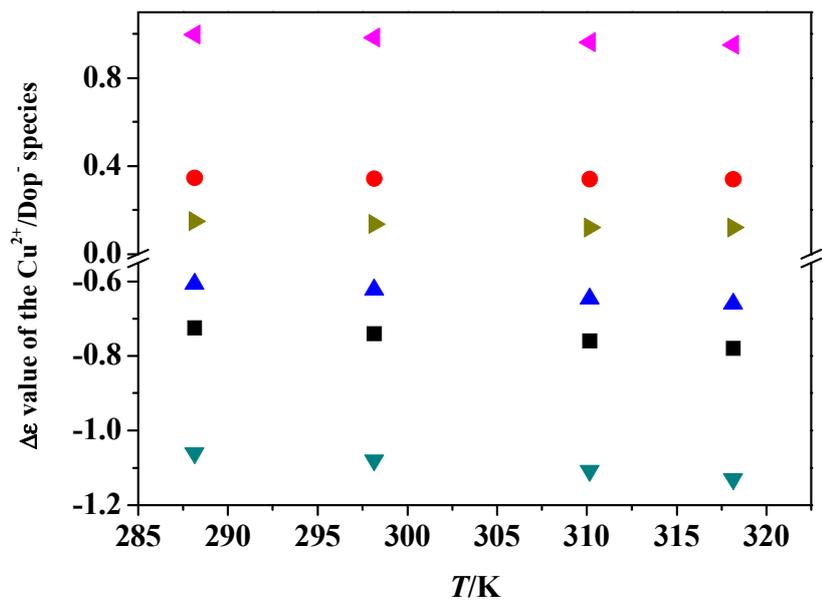


Figure S2. trend of the  $\Delta\varepsilon$  values of the  $\text{Cu}^{2+}/\text{Dop}^-$  species vs  $T/K$ .

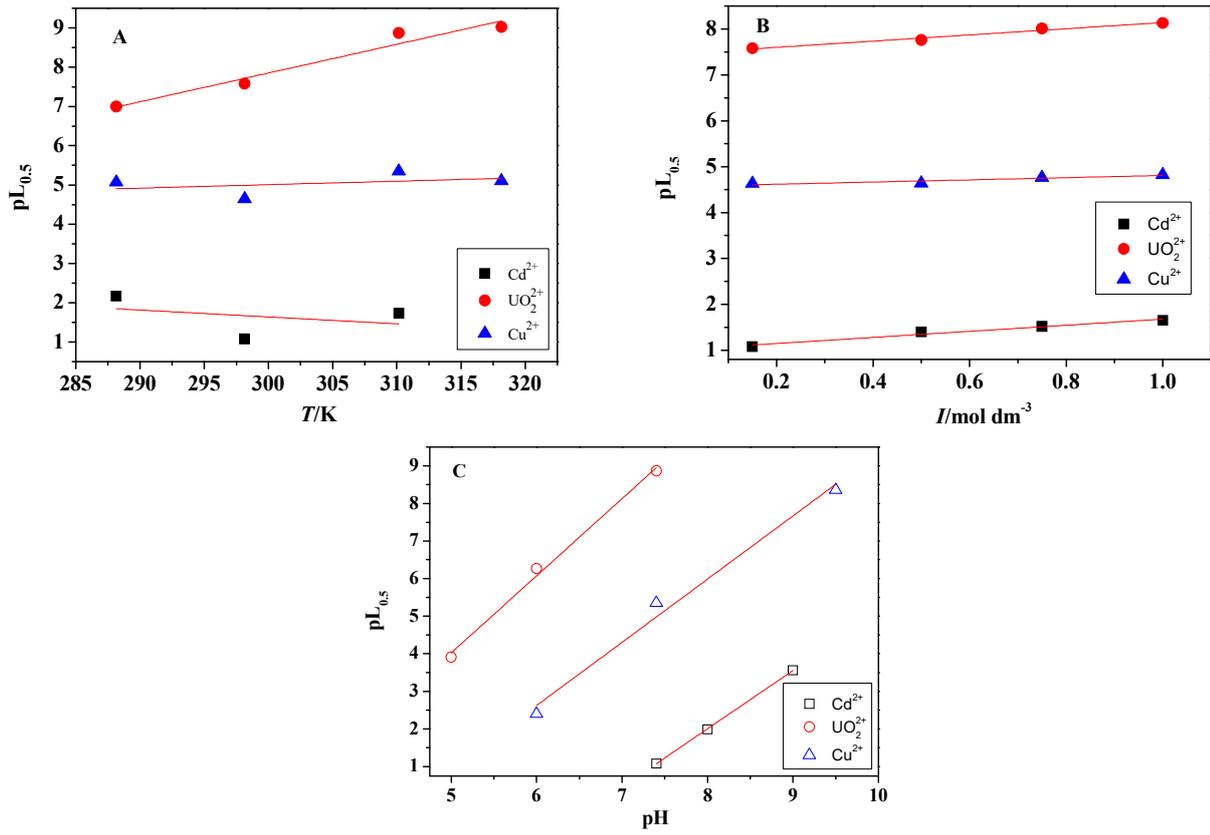


Figure S3. Trend of  $pL_{0.5}$  vs A)  $T/K$ , B)  $I/mol\ dm^{-3}$  and C) pH.