

Supplementary Materials

Attempts to Access a Series of Pyrazoles Lead to New Hydrazones with Antifungal Potential against Candida Species Including Azole-Resistant Strains

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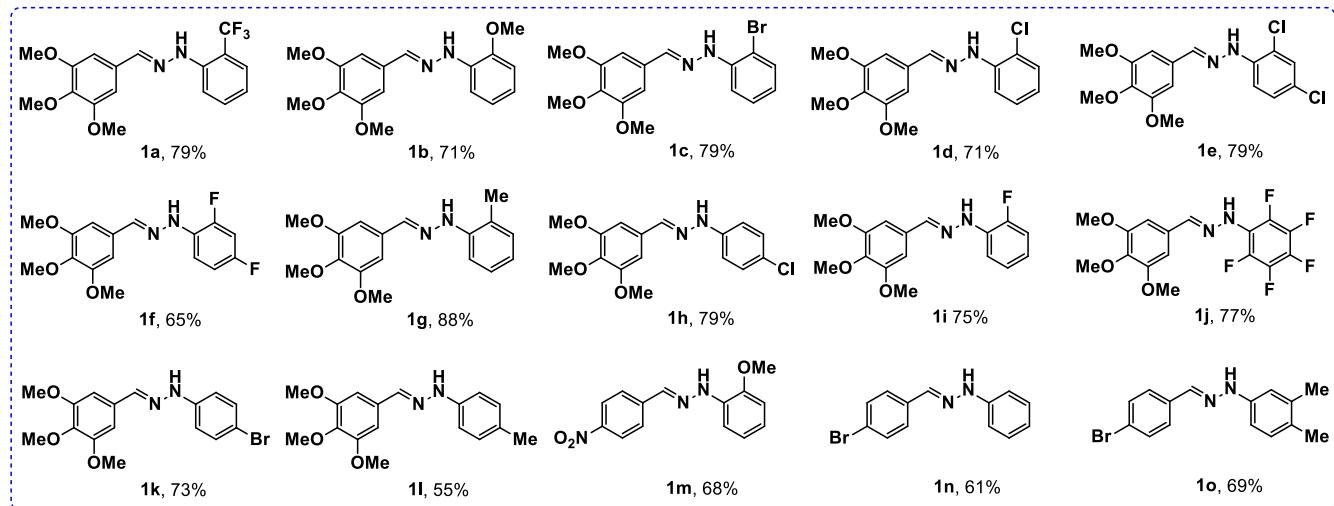


Figure S1. Structure of target hydrazones **1a-o**

X-ray crystallography

X-ray diffraction measurements for **1e** and **1i** were carried out with a Rigaku Oxford-Diffraction XCALIBUR E CCD diffractometer equipped with graphite-monochromated MoK α radiation. The unit cell determination and data integration were carried out using the CrysAlis package of Oxford Diffraction.¹ The structures were solved by Intrinsic Phasing using Olex2² software with the SHELXT³ structure solution program and refined by full-matrix least-squares on F^2 with SHELXL-2015⁴ using an anisotropic model for non-hydrogen atoms. All H atoms attached to carbon were introduced in idealized positions ($d_{CH} = 0.96 \text{ \AA}$) using the riding model with their isotropic displacement parameters fixed at 120% of their riding atom. The positions of H atoms for NH groups were determined from Fourier synthesis maps and verified through the hydrogen bonds parameters. Table S1 provides a summary of the crystallographic data together with refinement details for compounds. The geometric parameters are summarized in Table S2. The supplementary crystallographic data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/conts/retrieving.html (or from the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre, 12 Union Road, Cambridge CB2 1EZ, UK; fax: (+44) 1223–336-033; or deposit@ccdc.ca.ac.uk).

Table S1. Crystal data and details of data collection

Parameter	1e	1i
empirical formula	C ₁₆ H ₁₆ Cl ₂ N ₂ O ₃	C ₁₆ H ₁₇ FN ₂ O ₃
<i>F</i> _w	355.21	304.31
space group	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>	<i>P</i> 2 ₁ / <i>c</i>
<i>a</i> [Å]	15.4951(11)	14.3054(9)
<i>b</i> [Å]	7.8815(5)	7.8734(4)
<i>c</i> [Å]	15.5152(12)	15.509(2)
α [°]	90	90
β [°]	117.006(9)	117.591(6)
γ [°]	90	90
<i>V</i> [Å ³]	1688.2(2)	1548.1(2)
<i>Z</i>	4	4
<i>r</i> _{calcd} [g·cm ⁻³]	1.398	1.306
Crystal size [mm]	0.25 × 0.20 × 0.10	0.30 × 0.20 × 0.10
<i>T</i> [K]	293	293
μ [mm ⁻¹]	0.400	0.099
2Θ range [°]	5.258 to 50.054	3.212 to 50.054
Reflections collected	7201	8594
Independent reflections	2989[<i>R</i> _{int} =0.0321]	2699[<i>R</i> _{int} =0.0257]
Data/restraints/paramet	2989/0/211	2699/0/202
<i>R</i> ₁ ^[a]	0.0470	0.0499
<i>wR</i> ₂ ^[b]	0.1121	0.1245
GOF ^[c]	1.020	1.020
Largest diff. peak/hole	0.25/-0.30	0.20/-0.18
CCDC No.	2097685	2097687

^a $R_1 = \Sigma ||F_o| - |F_c|| / \Sigma |F_o|$. ^b $wR_2 = \{\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / \sum [w(F_o^2)^2]\}^{1/2}$. ^c GOF = $\{\sum [w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2] / (n - p)\}^{1/2}$, where *n* is the number of reflections and *p* is the total number of parameters refined.

Table S2. Bond distances (Å) and angles(°).Compound **1e**.

O1-C9	1.418(3)
O2-C4	1.377(3)
O2-C8	1.429(3)
O3-C3	1.368(3)
O3-C7	1.427(3)
N1-N2	1.370(3)
N1-C10	1.274(3)
N2-C11	1.387(3)
C1-C2	1.392(3)
C1-C6	1.396(3)
C1-C10	1.458(3)
C2-C3	1.379(3)
C3-C4	1.395(3)
C4-C5	1.385(3)

C5-C6	1.383(3)
C11-C12	1.390(3)
C11-C16	1.388(3)
C12-C13	1.384(3)
C13-C14	1.370(4)
C14-C15	1.369(4)
C15-C16	1.382(3)

O3-C3-C2	124.9(2)
O3-C3-C4	114.7(2)
C2-C3-C4	120.4(2)
O2-C4-C3	120.8(2)
O2-C4-C5	119.4(2)
C5-C4-C3	119.6(2)
O1-C5-C4	114.6(2)
O1-C5-C6	124.9(2)
C6-C5-C4	120.5(2)
C5-C6-C1	119.7(2)
N1-C10-C1	122.4(2)
N2-C11-C12	120.3(2)
N2-C11-C16	122.0(2)
C16-C11-C12	117.7(2)
C11-C12-C11	119.5(2)
C13-C12-C11	118.8(2)
C13-C12-C11	121.7(3)
C14-C13-C12	119.0(3)
C13-C14-C12	119.3(3)
C15-C14-C12	120.0(3)
C15-C14-C13	120.7(3)
C14-C15-C16	120.1(3)
C15-C16-C11	120.7(3)

Compound **1i**.

F1-C12	1.359(3)
O1-C5	1.369(2)
O1-C9	1.426(3)
O2-C4	1.378(2)
O2-C8	1.425(3)
O3-C3	1.363(2)
O3-C7	1.424(3)
N1-N2	1.366(2)
N1-C10	1.276(2)
N2-C11	1.381(3)
C1-C2	1.392(3)
C1-C6	1.391(3)
C1-C10	1.459(3)
C2-C3	1.379(3)
C3-C4	1.398(3)

C4-C5	1.389(3)
C5-C6	1.381(3)
C11-C12	1.377(3)
C11-C16	1.385(3)
C12-C13	1.373(4)
C13-C14	1.362(5)
C14-C15	1.372(5)
C15-C16	1.383(4)
C6-C1-C10	117.98(18)
C3-C2-C1	120.29(19)
O3-C3-C2	125.13(19)
O3-C3-C4	115.09(18)
C2-C3-C4	119.77(18)
O2-C4-C3	120.31(18)
O2-C4-C5	119.73(19)
C5-C4-C3	119.71(19)
O1-C5-C4	114.65(19)
O1-C5-C6	124.94(19)
C6-C5-C4	120.41(19)
C5-C6-C1	119.81(19)
N1-C10-C1	122.41(19)
N2-C11-C16	123.4(2)
C12-C11-N2	119.4(2)
C12-C11-C16	117.2(2)
F1-C12-C11	117.5(2)
F1-C12-C13	119.4(3)
C13-C12-C11	123.1(3)
C14-C13-C12	118.4(3)
C13-C14-C15	120.6(3)
C14-C15-C16	120.3(3)
C15-C16-C11	120.3(3)

The crystal is built-up from two-dimensional wave-like layers formed through the packing of supramolecular chains developing parallel to 110 plane. A partial diagram of the crystal packing viewed along a axis is shown in Figure S2.

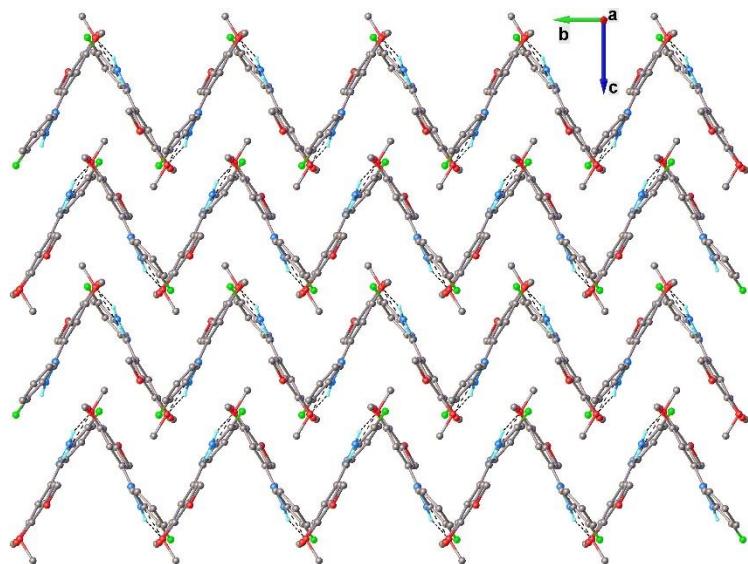
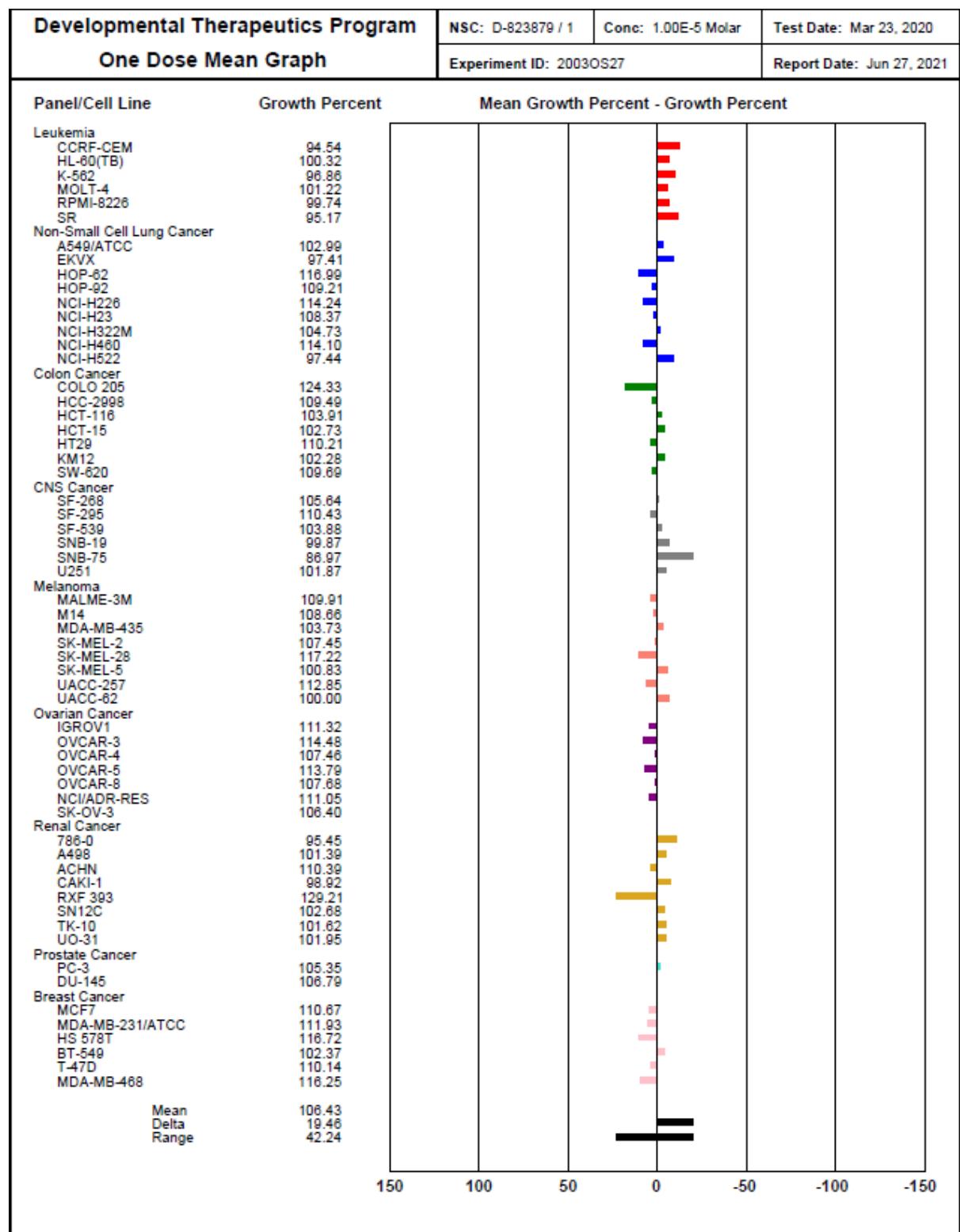
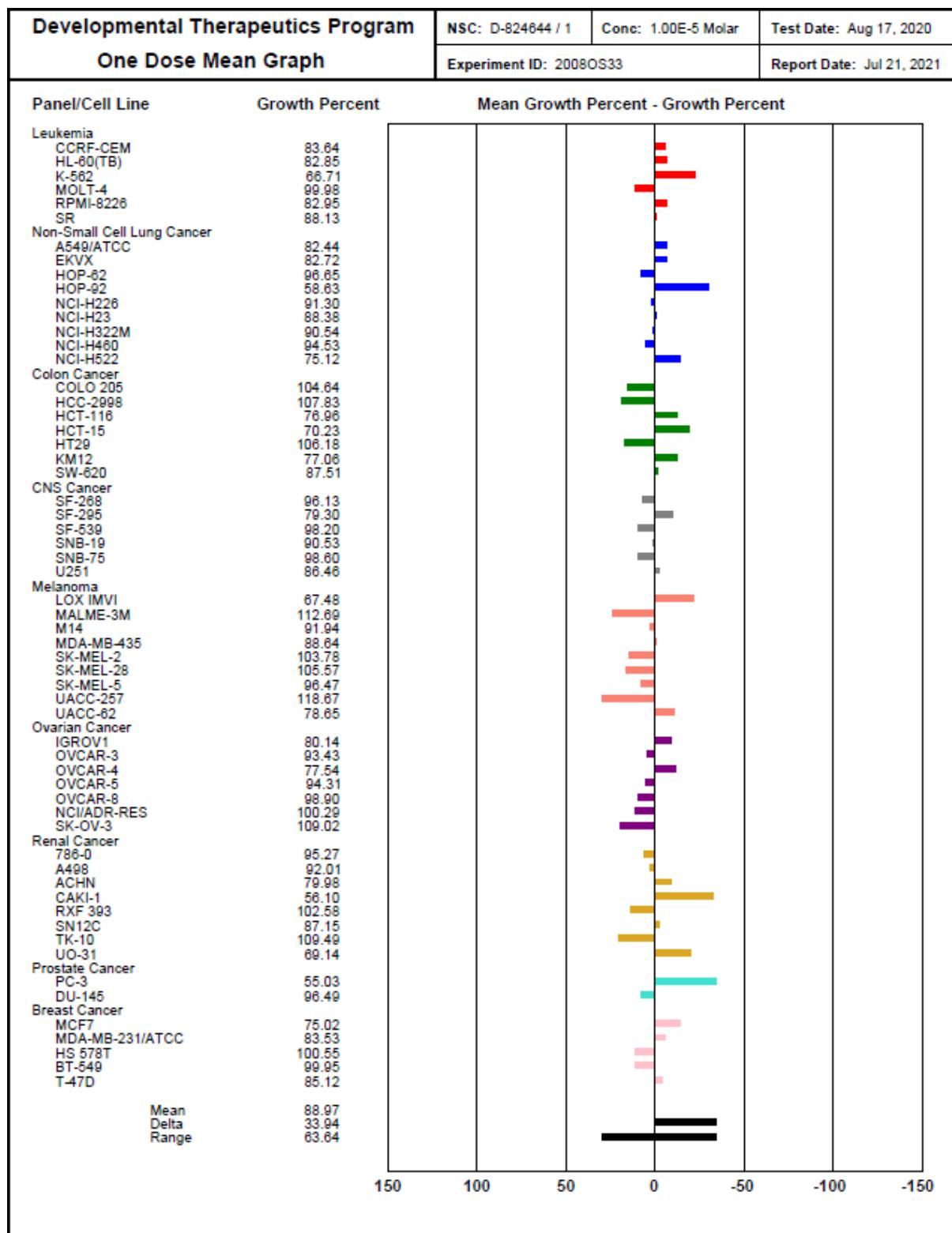
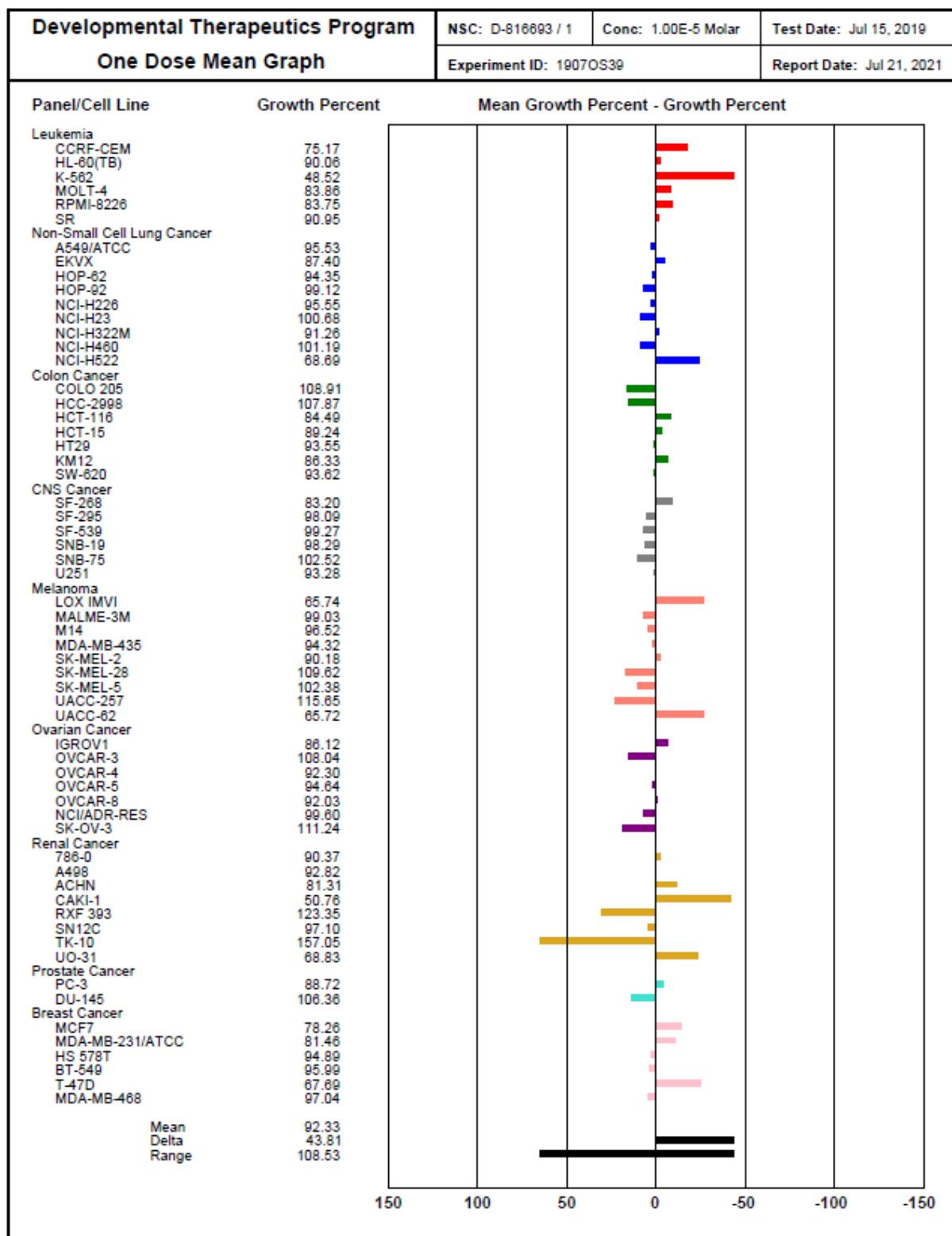
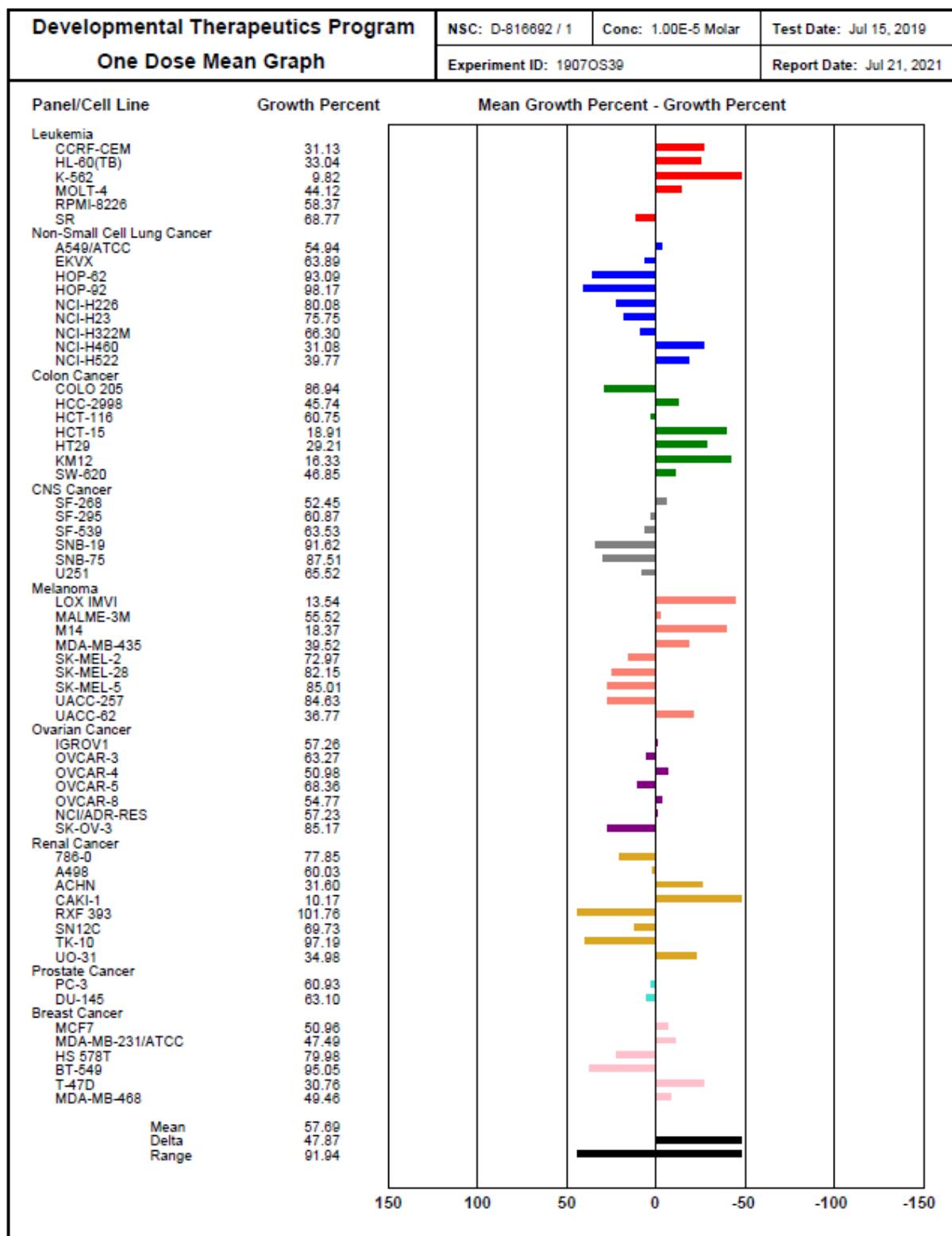


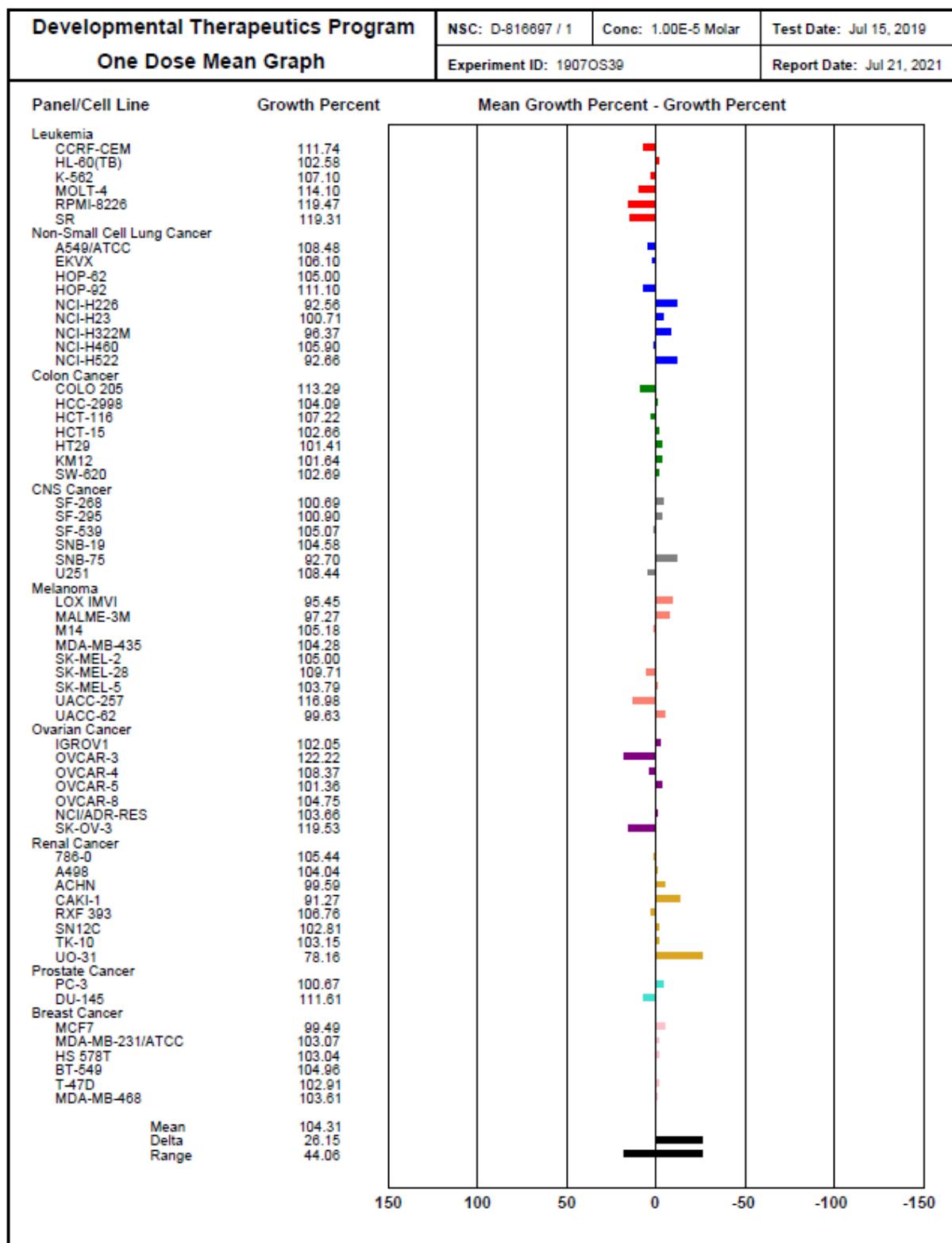
Figure S2. View of the crystal packing for **1i** along *a* axis.

National Cancer Institute (NCI) - One Dose Mean Graph for hydrazones **1c**, **1d**, **1i**, **1k** and **1l**









References

- [1] Rigaku Oxford Diffraction, **2015**, CrysAlisPro Software system, version 1.171.38.46, Rigaku Corporation, Oxford, UK.
- [2] Dolomanov, O. V.; Bourhis, L. J.; Gildea, R. J.; Howard, J. A. K.; Puschmann, H. *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **2009**, *42*, 339.
- [3] Sheldrick, G. *Acta Cryst. A* **2015**, *71*, 3.

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