

Supplementary Information

Leaf Age-Dependent Photosystem II Photochemistry and Oxidative Stress Responses to Drought Stress in *Arabidopsis thaliana* are Modulated by Flavonoid Accumulation

Ilektra Sperdouli^{1,2} , Julietta Moustaka^{1,3} , Georgia Ouzounidou⁴ and Michael Moustakas^{1*} 

¹ Department of Botany, Aristotle University of Thessaloniki, GR-54124 Thessaloniki, Greece; moustak@bio.auth.gr

² Present address: Institute of Plant Breeding and Genetic Resources, Hellenic Agricultural Organization-Demeter (ELGO-Dimitra), Themi, 57001 Thessaloniki, Greece; ilektras@bio.auth.gr

³ Present address: Department of Plant and Environmental Sciences, University of Copenhagen, Thorvaldsensvej 40, DK-1871 Frederiksberg C, Denmark; moustaka@plen.ku.dk

⁴ Institute of Food Technology, Hellenic Agricultural Organization-Demeter (ELGO-Dimitra), 1 S. Venizelou Str., GR-14123 Lycovrissi, Greece; geouz@nagref.gr

* Correspondence: moustak@bio.auth.gr

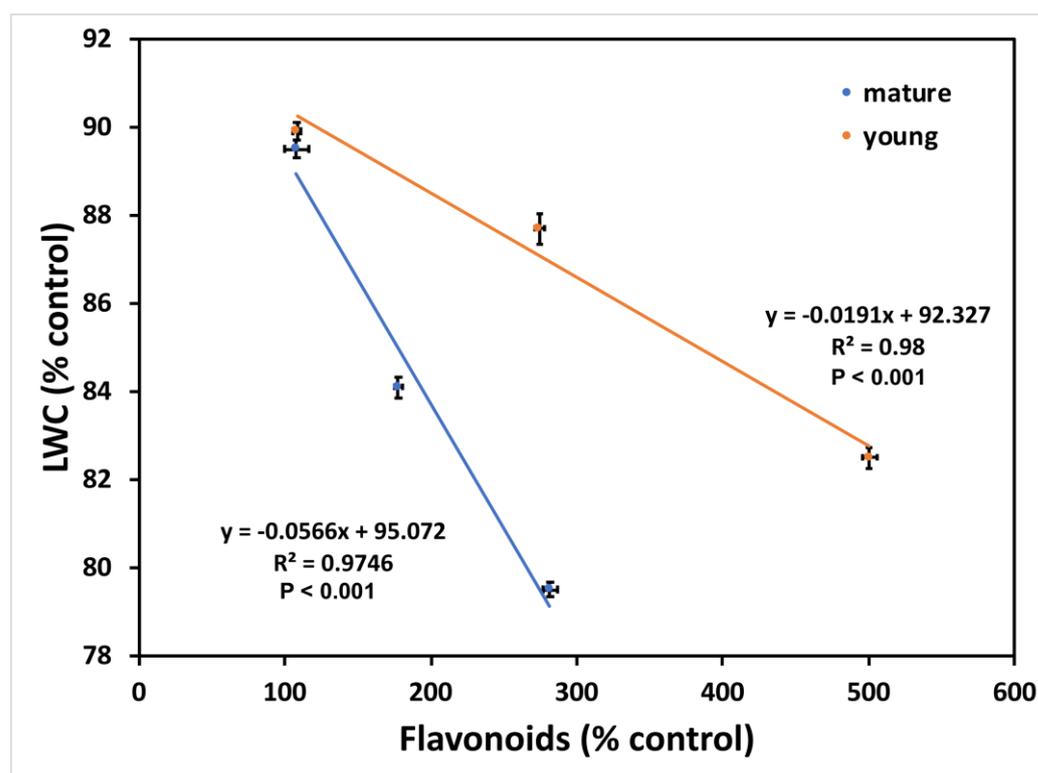


Figure S1. The relationship between leaf water content and flavonoid accumulation expressed as percentage of control (well-watered plants), in both *A. thaliana* young leaves and mature leaves at the three DS treatments. Error bars represent \pm standard error of the mean ($n = 5-6$).