

Supplementary Materials: Quantitative Analysis of *Psoralea corylifolia* Linne and Its Neuroprotective and Anti-Neuroinflammatory Effects in HT22 Hippocampal Cells and BV-2 Microglia

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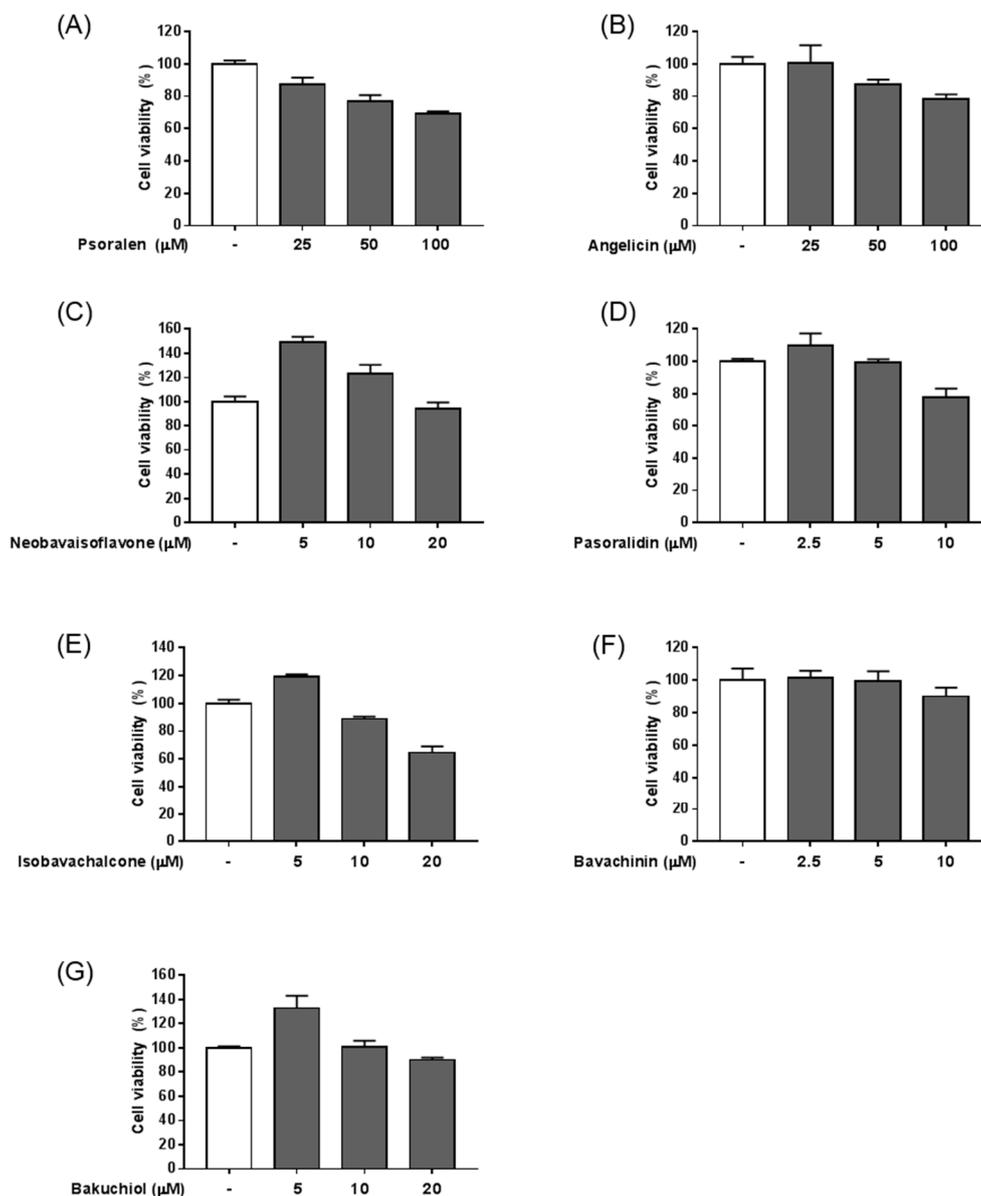


Figure S1. Cytotoxicity of the seven components from *P. corylifolia* in HT22 cells. Cells were seeded onto 96-well plates and treated with various concentrations of the seven components for 6 h. Results are shown for psoralen (A); angelicin (B); neobavaisoflavone (C); psoralidin (D); isobavachalcone (E); bavachinin (F); and bakuchiol (G). Cell viability (%) was assessed using CCK-8 assay. The values are expressed as the mean \pm SEM of three independent experiments.